LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - PLANT BIOLOGY & ADV. ZOOLOGY

THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2013

CH 3204 - CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGISTS - II

Date: 13/11/2013 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 9:00 - 12:00

Part-A

Answer all questions. Each question carries two marks.

- 1. What is meant by isoelectric point of amino acids?
- 2. Define denaturation of proteins with an example.
- 3. What is oxidative rancidity?
- 4. Give two functions of waxes.
- 5. What are steroids? Give the names of any two steroids.
- 6. Draw the structure of thymine and uracil.
- 7. What is mutarotation? Give an example.
- 8. What are hetero polysaccharides? Give an example.
- 9. What are terpenes? Which terpene is obtained from lemongrass oil?
- 10. Write Michelis-Menten equation and mention the terms involved.

Part-B

Answer eight questions. Each question carries five marks.

- 11. Describe the factors affecting the enzymatic activity.
- 12. Explain any one method to determine the N-terminal residue of an amino acid.
- 13. Discuss the secondary structure of proteins.
- 14. Write notes on (a) hydrogenation of oils (b) saponification value.
- 15. What are phospholipids? Explain any two types of them.
- 16. Bring out the differences between DNA and RNA.
- 17. Discuss the replication of DNA.
- 18. How are the following conversions made?
 - (a) D-glucose to D-fructose (b) D-fructose to D-glucose.
- 19. Outline the relationship between glycolysis and respiration.
- 20. Discuss in detail how the structure of sucrose is determined.
- 21. Account for the analysis of a soil sample.
- 22. How are DDT and BHC prepared?

Part-C

Answer four questions. Each question carries ten marks.

- 23a. Explain the classification of enzyme with suitable examples.
 - b. Discuss the mechanism of enzyme action.

(5+5)

- 24. Discuss the biosynthesis of cholesterol.
- 25. Describe the Watson-Crick's model of DNA.
- 26. Explain TCA cycle in detail.
- 27. Outline briefly the method used for the isolation of alkaloids.
- 28a. Give the preparation of urea and superphosphate.
 - b. How is nicotine extracted from tobacco leaves.

(5+5)